



**PROPOSED WRESTLING WEIGHT CLASS OPTIONS**  
**FROM THE NFHS WRESTLING RULES COMMITTEE**

<b><u>Current</u></b>	<b><u>Option A</u></b>	<b><u>Option B</u></b>	<b><u>Option C</u></b>
<b>103</b>	110	106	107
<b>112</b>	119	113	115
<b>119</b>	125	120	122
<b>125</b>	131	126	128
<b>130</b>	136	132	134
<b>135</b>	141	138	140
<b>140</b>	146	145	146
<b>145</b>	152	152	152
<b>152</b>	159	160	159
<b>160</b>	167	170	167
<b>171</b>	177	182	177
<b>189</b>	192	195	192
<b>215</b>	216	220	216
<b>285</b>	285	285	285



## **RATIONALE FOR WRESTLING WEIGHT CLASS OPTIONS** **FROM THE NFHS WRESTLING RULES COMMITTEE**

### **CURRENT:**

- These current 14 weight classes have been in place since 1995.
- The 215-pound weight class was added in 2002.
- In 2006, the 275-pound weight class was increased to 285 pounds.
- These weight classes were developed from a survey that the NFHS Wrestling Rules Committee administered in 1994-95.

### **OPTION A:**

- The weights were created from looking at the hydrated body weight at the time of assessment of 195,000 wrestlers from the NWCA Optimal performance calculator.
- Each weight class was created to have approximately 7.14% of the wrestlers.
- Equal distribution of wrestlers in each weight class.
- Eliminates one of the first three weight class. Combines 103, 112 and 119 into two weight classes.

### **OPTION B:**

- The weights were created from looking at the minimum wrestling weight (7% weight) at the time of assessment of 195,000 wrestlers from the NWCA Optimal Performance Calculator.
- Each weight class was created to have approximately 7.14% of the wrestlers.
- Equal distribution of wrestlers in each weight class.
- Adds an 'additional' weight class at the top.
- Creates a weight class in the low 180-pound range.

### **OPTION C:**

- The weights were based off using the hydrated body weight at the time of assessment of 195,000 wrestlers from the NWCA Optimal performance calculator.
- Percentages of distribution was between 7-8%. The first three weights were distributed in the mid 6% range. This ensured that you did not eliminate the 'small' wrestler not being represented.
- Data supports moving 103 to 107 would greatly increase the number of eligible wrestlers for the first weight class.
- Will decrease the large jump from 103-112-pounds.
- Changes the middle weight increments from 5-pounds to 6-pounds.
- Eliminates the large jump between 171-189-pounds. Makes that a 15-pound jump from 177-192-pounds.
- The prevalence of HS wrestlers (N=195,000) at each of these weight classes, there is an equal distribution (~7%) of wrestlers for each of the weight classes listed. In addition, when reviewing the national data on children from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES published 1995), these weight classes are consistent with the 5th - 95th percentile data on weight for adolescent males aged 15-19.